### ASSIGNMENT - STATISTICS

Find the mean deviation about the mean for the following data:

- 1. 7, 8, 4, 13, 9, 5, 16, 18
- 2. 39, 72, 48, 41, 43, 55, 60, 45, 54, 43
- 3. 17, 20, 12, 13, 15, 16, 12, 18, 15, 19, 12, 11

Find the mean deviation about the median for the following data:

4. 12, 5, 14, 6, 11, 13, 17, 8, 10

5. 4, 15, 9, 7, 19, 13, 6, 21, 8, 25, 11

- 6. 34, 23, 46, 37, 40, 28, 32, 50, 35, 44
- 7. 70, 34, 42, 78, 65, 45, 54, 48, 67, 50, 56, 63

#### Find the mean deviation about the mean for the following data:

8.	x <sub>t</sub>	6		12	1	8	24		30		36
	$f_t$	5		4	1	1	6		4		6
		_									
9.	$x_i$	2		5	6 8			10		12	
	$-f_t$	2		8 10		0	7		8		5
10.	$x_i$	3		5		7 9			11		13
	$-f_t$	6		8 15		5	25		8		4
Find t	the mean	deviat	ion a	bout i	the n	edi	an for	the	follo	rvin	ıg data:
11.	<i>x</i> <sub>1</sub>	1	5	2	1 :		27		30		35
	$f_t$	3	ļ.	5			6 7		7		8
12.	x,	5	7		9	1	1	13	1	15	17
	$-f_i$	2	- 4		6	8	3	10	1	12	8
13.	x,	10	15	20	2	5	30	3	5	40	45
	$-f_t$	7	3	8		5	6	8	3	4	9
Tind the mean designing about the mean factly fallerning data:											

Find the mean deviation about the mean for the following data:

14.	Mark		0-1	0	10-2	0	20-30		30-40	40-50		50-60	,
	Number of	studen	ts 6	s 6 8 14		16	4		2				
15.	Height (in cm)		95–105	-105 105-11		11	115-125 1		25-135	135-145		145-15	5
	Number of	Number of boys		9		6 23		30		12		10	
16.	Class	30-40	40-50		50-60	6	50-70	7	0-80	80-90	90	0-100	
	Frequency	3	7		12		15		8	3		2	

Find the mean deviation about the median for the following data:

17.	Class	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60
	Frequency	6	7	15	16	4	2
18.	Class	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60
	Frequency	6	8	11	18	5	2

#### ANSWERS

1.	4.25	2.	8.2	3.	2.5	4.	3
5.	5.36	6.	6.5	7.	10.5	8.	8
9.	2.3	10.	2.09	11.	5.1	12.	2.72
13.	10.1	14.	10.24	15.	11.6	16.	11.36
17.	10.16	18.	10.8				

- Find the mean, variance and standard deviation for the numbers 4, 6, 10, 12, 7, 8, 13, 12.
- Find the mean, variance and standard deviation for first six odd natural numbers.

	x,	4	1	8 1	1	17	20		24	32	
	$f_t$	3	3	5	9	5	4		3	1	
	x,	6	5 1	0 1	14	18	24	1	28	30	
	$f_t$	2	2	4	7	12	8		4	3	
i.	x <sub>t</sub>		10	15	;	18		20	2	5	
	$f_t$		3	2		5		8	1	2	
	x <sub>i</sub>	9	2 9	3 9	97	98	102	1	04	109	
	$f_t$	3	3	2	3	2	6		3	3	
	Class	Class 0-10 10		10-20 20-30		0	30-	40	40-50		
	Frequency		5		8	15		16		6	
i	Class	5	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-7	0 7	0-80	80-90	90-100	
	Freque	ncy	3	7	12	15		8	3	2	
	Class	3	25-35 3		5-45	45-5	5	55-65		65-75	
	Freque	Frequency		1	132		8	140		51	

Using short cut method, find the mean, variance and standard deviation for the data:

### ANSWERS

- 1. Mean = 9, Variance = 9.25 and SD = 3.04
- Mean = 6, Variance = 11.67 and SD 3.41
- 3. Mean = 14, Variance = 45.8 and SD = 6.77
- Mean = 19, Variance = 43.4 and SD = 6.59
- Mean = 18, Variance = 17 and SD = 4.12
- Mean = 100, Variance = 29.09 and SD = 5.39
- Mean = 27, Variance = 132 and SD = 11.49
- Mean = 62, Variance = 201 and SD 14.17
  Mean = 49.67, Variance = 135.44 and SD = 11.64

## **INTERDISCIPLINARY**

# FOR SCIENCE

Mathematics: Statistics in Work, Energy, and Power Statistical Analysis Using Provided Data Table

Student	Physics Output (J)	Biology Energy Used (kJ)	Chemistry Energy Change (kJ)
A	150	120	-40
В	170	130	-38
С	190	140	-45
D	200	135	-42
E	210	150	-39

#### 1. Compute the median for:

- Physics Output
- Biology Energy Used
- Chemistry Energy Change
- 2. Calculate the mean deviation about the median for each subject.
- 3. Compute the variance of each dataset.

4. Identify the subject with the lowest variance and explain what it indicates about energy consistency.

5. Create a bar graph or pie chart comparing variance across Physics, Biology, and Chemistry.

Explain how statistical analysis supports understanding of energy transfer in science.

# FOR COMMERCE

"Choco Delight" – A Local Bakery's Shift from Traditional to E-Marketing Background:

Choco Delight, a local bakery in Delhi, initially relied on traditional marketing methods like flyers, newspaper ads, and word-of-mouth. In 2022, they decided to incorporate e-marketing strategies such as social media ads, influencer collaborations, and email campaigns.

Marketing Data Collected (Customer Orders Per Day Over 10 Days):

Traditional Marketing (before going digital): Days 1–10: 12, 15, 14, 11, 13, 16, 10, 14, 13, 12 E-Marketing (after going digital): Days 11–20: 18, 25, 22, 20, 19, 26, 21, 23, 24, 27

### Mathematics: From the above data calculate

- 1. Mean Deviation from Mean for Days 1 -10
- 2. Mean Deviation from Median for Days 11-20
- 3. Variance for Days 1-10 and for Days 11-20 and compare the variation.
- 4. Standard Deviation for Days 1-20